



23-م/19/2021-ع

مرکز امور جوانی و دانشجویی

تاریخ از سر نو بر سر نو نه مشور

لاشکوه و شکر است در گذشتگان و در سر نو نه مشور و از سر نو نه مشور است به نیت
 و نیت (از سر نو نه مشور) "دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی" "دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی" از سر نو نه مشور
 است از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور (از سر نو نه مشور)
 - به نیت (از سر نو نه مشور) "دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی" از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور
 از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور (از سر نو نه مشور - به نیت) "دانشگاه
 آزاد اسلامی" از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور از سر نو نه مشور
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سرپرست مرکز

م19/KG/2021/03: سرپرست مرکز

تاجی و سہیل

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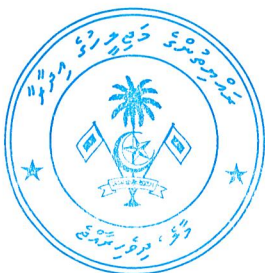


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5. 2019-2020 Year Report of the Ministry of Education and Higher Education of the State of Uttarakhand is being prepared in the English language and will be submitted to the Government of Uttarakhand for approval and release in the near future.

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11. 2019-2020 Year Report of the Ministry of Education and Higher Education of the State of Uttarakhand is being prepared in the English language and will be submitted to the Government of Uttarakhand for approval and release in the near future.



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تاریخچه و توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی

12. توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی

13. توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی

14. توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
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توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی

15. توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی
توسعه سیستم های مدیریت منابع انسانی در سازمان های دولتی و خصوصی



(කොමරිෂනර්වරයාගේ අවසරය ඇතිව) අධිකාරියේ සේවයේ යෙදවීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
නිවැරදිව පවතින බවට තීරණය කළේ;

16. තීරණය කළේ අධිකාරියේ සේවයේ යෙදවීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
රිසෝල්ෂන් නිවැරදිව පවතින බවට තීරණය කළේ 04 වන අංකයේ සහතික කිරීමේදී
13 වන අංකයේ සහතික කිරීමේදී;

17. 13 වන අංකයේ සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
අධිකාරියේ සේවයේ යෙදවීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
නිවැරදිව පවතින බවට තීරණය කළේ;

18. 13 වන අංකයේ සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
තීරණය කළේ;

19. තීරණය කළේ අධිකාරියේ සේවයේ යෙදවීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
නිවැරදිව පවතින බවට තීරණය කළේ 750,000,000/- (රුපියල් සෑහයකට) පමණ
වටිනාකමක් ඇති භූමියකට අදාළව;

20. තීරණය කළේ අධිකාරියේ සේවයේ යෙදවීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී සහතික කිරීමේදී
නිවැරදිව පවතින බවට තීරණය කළේ;



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7. تفریق

1. دائرہ کار پر مشتمل تمام تفریق کے دائرہ کار کے تحت سرکاری اور غیر سرکاری
رہائشی منصوبہ بندی کے تحت "تفریق-1" کے تحت رہائشی منصوبہ بندی.
2. تفریق پر مشتمل تمام تفریق کے دائرہ کار کے تحت "تفریق-2" کے تحت رہائشی منصوبہ بندی.

17 دسمبر 2021



دائریہ تفریق کے تحت رہائشی منصوبہ بندی
تفریق کے تحت رہائشی منصوبہ بندی



تحریرات-1

آئی اے ایف او کے لئے تحریرات کے نمونے اور اسکے معیاری شدہ فارمیٹ اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ تحریرات کے نمونے کے بارے میں مزید معلومات کے لئے درخواست دہندگان کو اطلاع دینا ہے۔



"الاستراتيجية العامة للإدارة العامة في مصر" - (أ.م.ع. ٢٠٢١) - ٩ - ٠:٠٨
 "الاستراتيجية العامة للإدارة العامة في مصر" - (أ.م.ع. ٢٠٢١) - ٨ - ١:١٩
 "الاستراتيجية العامة للإدارة العامة في مصر" - (أ.م.ع. ٢٠٢١) - ٧ - ٠:١٠
 "الاستراتيجية العامة للإدارة العامة في مصر" - (أ.م.ع. ٢٠٢١) - ٦ - ٠:١٣

✓	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية	رقم الإستراتيجية
	#	S	SC	@	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

16.03.2021	9	0:08	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	SC	✓	✓	#	-	-	✓	✓
15.03.2021	8	1:19	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	S	✓	✓	✓	#	-	✓	✓	✓
09.03.2021	7	0:10	@	✓	✓	✓	✓	S	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
08.03.2021	6	0:13	@	SC	✓	✓	✓	S	-	✓	S	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
٤	٤	١:٥٠	٢	٣	٤	٤	٠	٢	٤	٣	٢	٠	٣	٤	٤	



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بجاء تفرغ - 2

تاریخ: ۱۹/۰۳/۲۰۲۱ء





اِسْمِ الرَّسُولِ الْكَرِيمِ مُحَمَّدٍ ﷺ وَآلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ الطَّاهِرِينَ
(الرَّبِّ - سُبْحَانَكَ - يَا كَرِيمُ) " اِنَّكَ خَلَقْتَ الْمَرْءَ كَرِيمًا
اِسْمِ الرَّسُولِ الْكَرِيمِ مُحَمَّدٍ ﷺ وَآلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ الطَّاهِرِينَ (الرَّبِّ - سُبْحَانَكَ - يَا كَرِيمُ) "
ذَكَرَ مُحَمَّدٌ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ فِي تَرْغِيمِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ وَآلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ الطَّاهِرِينَ
سُورَةُ الرَّسُولِ الْكَرِيمِ مُحَمَّدٍ ﷺ وَآلِهِ الطَّيِّبِينَ الطَّاهِرِينَ

الرَّبِّ - سُبْحَانَكَ - يَا كَرِيمُ

17 مَرَّةً 1442

1 مَرَّةً 2021

تَمَّ

الرَّبِّ - سُبْحَانَكَ - يَا كَرِيمُ

الرَّبِّ - سُبْحَانَكَ - يَا كَرِيمُ

تَمَّ

الرَّبِّ - سُبْحَانَكَ - يَا كَرِيمُ



بِسْمِ اللّٰهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِیْمِ



دبیرستانچہ ایچ او رپورٹ

ڈیو، مڈل سیکولر

دبیرستانچہ ایچ او رپورٹ میں مذکورہ ذیل کے اہلکاروں کی فہرست پیش کی جاتی ہے۔
موسم 2020-21 کے دوران ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست

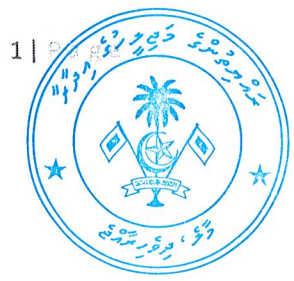
1- ڈیو ایچ او

ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست ذیل کے مطابق ہے۔
ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست
ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست

2020 میں ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست
141 ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست
128 ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست
20 ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست

ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست
ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست
ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست

ڈیو ایچ او کے طور پر کام کرنے والے اہلکاروں کی فہرست



אשר התקיים באותה תאריך ואלו הפרטים יועברו לידי משרד התכנון והקמת ערים ומועצה אזורית שומרון.
בשם המועצה

החלטת המועצה הוצאה לפועל ב-11/12/2021 על ידי משרד התכנון והקמת ערים ומועצה אזורית שומרון.
החלטת המועצה הוצאה לפועל ב-11/12/2021 על ידי משרד התכנון והקמת ערים ומועצה אזורית שומרון.

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2- דוחות הביקורת של משרד התכנון והקמת ערים

הדוחות והתגובות שהוגשו למועצה בעניין הצעת התכנון (א.ת.א.א.א.), דוחות הביקורת והתגובות
המועצה התקבלו ממשרד התכנון והקמת ערים ב-11/12/2021. הדוחות והתגובות שהוגשו למועצה
היו "מאוזנים" והם עומדים בקריטריונים של משרד התכנון והקמת ערים. הדוחות והתגובות
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היו "מאוזנים" והם עומדים בקריטריונים של משרד התכנון והקמת ערים.

3- הצעת התכנון

הצעת התכנון אשר הוגשה למועצה הועדה המקומית לתכנון ובנייה ומועצה אזורית שומרון
ב-11/12/2021. הצעת התכנון עומדת בקריטריונים של משרד התכנון והקמת ערים. הדוחות והתגובות
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כאמור, המסמך המוצג מתאר את תוכנית העבודה של משרד החינוך לשנת הלימודים תשפ"א. המסמך כולל את כל הפרטים הרלוונטיים לתוכנית, ויש להתייחס אליו כאל מסמך רשמי. המסמך כולל את כל הפרטים הרלוונטיים לתוכנית, ויש להתייחס אליו כאל מסמך רשמי.

4- דיון ופיקוח על התוכנית

המסמך המוצג מתאר את תוכנית העבודה של משרד החינוך לשנת הלימודים תשפ"א. המסמך כולל את כל הפרטים הרלוונטיים לתוכנית, ויש להתייחס אליו כאל מסמך רשמי.

4.1 תוכנית העבודה של משרד החינוך לשנת הלימודים תשפ"א

משרד החינוך מתכנן את תוכנית העבודה לשנת הלימודים תשפ"א. תוכנית העבודה כוללת את כל הפרטים הרלוונטיים לתוכנית, ויש להתייחס אליו כאל מסמך רשמי. תוכנית העבודה כוללת את כל הפרטים הרלוונטיים לתוכנית, ויש להתייחס אליו כאל מסמך רשמי.

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כדי להבטיח את רמת הביטחון והבריאות של כלל אזרחי ישראל, משרד הבריאות מודאג במיוחד מהבטיחת המזון המיוצא לישראל. לכן, משרד הבריאות מבצע בקפדנות מעקב ופיקוח על כל המזון המיוצא לישראל, ופועל להבטיח את רמת הביטחון והבריאות של כלל אזרחי ישראל.

במהלך הביקורת, משרד הבריאות מבצע מעקב ופיקוח על כל המזון המיוצא לישראל, ופועל להבטיח את רמת הביטחון והבריאות של כלל אזרחי ישראל.

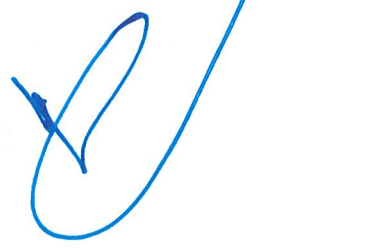
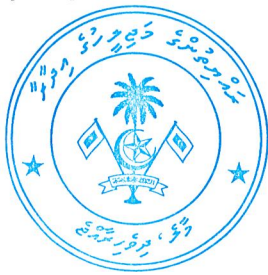
מסקנות

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در صورت وقوع این حادثه، کلیه خسارتها و زیانها بر عهده شرکت خواهد بود و هیچگونه تعهدی بر عهده کارکنان نخواهد بود. این سند در دو نسخه صادر شده و هر دو نسخه اعتبار یکسان دارند.

6- توضیحات تکمیلی و سفارشات کارفرما

این سند در دو نسخه صادر شده و هر دو نسخه اعتبار یکسان دارند. کلیه هزینههای مربوط به این سند بر عهده کارفرما خواهد بود. کارفرما موظف است کلیه اسناد و مدارک مورد نیاز را در اختیار پیمانکار قرار دهد. پیمانکار موظف است کلیه اسناد و مدارک را در اختیار کارفرما قرار دهد. این سند در دو نسخه صادر شده و هر دو نسخه اعتبار یکسان دارند.

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Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters (MAAC)
Declarations & Reservations

1. **Declarations** - Optional notifications/declarations to communicate the position on specific provision(s) of the MAAC.

Article	Description	Maldives Declaration	Reason
Article 3(1) and (3) – Definition of the word “national” for the purpose of the MAAC (only required if different from the definition provided in the MAAC)	Article 3 of the MAAC defines the term “nationals” in relation to a Party as follows: i. all individuals possessing the nationality of that Party, and ii. all legal persons, partnerships, associations and other entities deriving their status as such from the laws in force in that Party.	In relation to Maldives, the term “national” means: i. any individual possessing the nationality or citizenship of Maldives ii. any legal person, partnership or association deriving its status as such from the laws in force in Maldives	As the definition in MAAC may not be in line with its domestic definition of the term “national” used, a Party may notify one of the Depositaries with the Annex C33 – Definition of the word national for the purpose of the MAAC. As Maldives definition of ‘national’ used in DTAA’s and other international agreements includes the term ‘citizenship’ which is not in the standard MAAC definition, we are making a declaration on this
Article 4(3) – Notification Procedures	A Party may deposit a declaration that its internal legislation requires its authorities to inform its residents or nationals before transmitting any information, either on request or spontaneously, concerning them.	No declaration to be made	This will properly be covered after the TAA Amendments under Section 15(b) and section 16
Article 9(3) – Tax examination abroad	A Party may deposit a declaration that it does not accept requests for tax examinations by other Parties within its jurisdiction.	Not to make a declaration on this.	Section 49-1 of the Tax Administration Act states ‘Any tax, fine or any other amount due to MIRA may be recovered with the assistance of a foreign country or territory under an agreement entered into pursuant to Section 51 or 51-1 of this Act. A foreign country or territory may also recover any tax, fine or any other amount due with the assistance of Maldives.’ Service of documents and tax examinations abroad can be classified under this assistance.



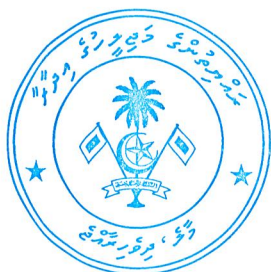
Article 29 – Territorial application	A Party may deposit a declaration specifying the territory(ies) covered by the MAAC.	Maldives declares that the Convention applies to all parts of the territory of the Maldives and includes its territorial sea, continental shelf, sea-bed, sub-soil (and their natural resources) and airspace, as well as any maritime zone in which the Maldives has sovereign rights, other rights and jurisdiction, according to the law of the Maldives and in accordance with international law, including the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.	The definition of Maldives in Maldives Tax Treaty model.
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2. **Reservations** – Reservations apply reciprocally – a Party may not require other Parties to provide assistance in application to a provision to which it has formulated a reservation. Reservations can be amended, added or withdrawn by a Party at any given moment in time.

Article	Description	Maldives Reservation and reason
Article 30(1)(a) – Taxes Covered	<p>A Party may formulate a reservation that it will not provide any form of assistance concerning some of the taxes covered by the MAAC.</p> <p>It is not possible to reserve the right to provide assistance to taxes on income or profits, taxes on capital gains which are imposed separately from the tax on income or profits or taxed on net wealth (Article 2(1)(a)).</p> <p>It is only possible to reserve the right to provide assistance on categories of taxes listed in Article 2(1)(b), i.e. taxes imposed at levels other than central government on income, profits, capital gains or net wealth, and in respect of any other kinds of tax, whatever the level of government by which they are imposed (or only to some of them). However, it is not possible to make a reservation for any taxes for which it seeks to receive assistance, as reservations apply in a reciprocal manner</p> <p>In accordance with Article 22(3), the reservation made on the taxes covered also affects the scope of the use of the exchanged information by the other Parties.</p>	<p>Maldives not to place any reservation on this article. This means that Maldives will be able to ask for information and assistance with regards to all these tax types, and will also have to provide information on same taxes.</p> <p>Maldives will make the mandatory listing of taxes to which the convention applies.</p>



<p>Article 30(1)(b) or (c) – Recovery of tax claims and tax claims in existence before the entry into force of the MAAC</p>	<p>b) A Party may formulate a reservation that it will not provide assistance in the recovery of any tax claim, including measures of conservancy, or in the recovery of an administrative fine, for all taxes or with respect to specific taxes in one or more of the categories of taxes listed in Article 2(1).</p> <p>(c) As the MAAC applies, in principle, to all enforceable tax claims, including those in existence before its entry into force, a Party may formulate a reservation that it will not provide assistance in respect of tax claims in existence before the said entry into force or, where it has previously made a reservation for the two reasons outlined above, at the date of withdrawal of such a reservation in relation to taxes in the category in question.</p>	<p>To place a reservation on this article as current TAA provisions do not cater for all the specificities under this article (measures of conservancy and such)</p>
<p>Article 30(1)(d) or (e) – Service of documents</p>	<p>(d) A Party may file a reservation that it will not provide assistance in the service of documents, either for all taxes, or only for taxes of one or more categories.</p> <p>(e) While accepting that it will provide assistance in the service of documents, a Party may formulate a reservation that it will not accept that its postal service should be used for a direct service of documents on a person within the territory.</p>	<p>Maldives not to place any reservation on this article, so as to not limit Maldives opportunity to take advantage of this.</p>
<p>Articles 28(7) and 30(1)(f) – Criminal tax matters</p>	<p>For criminal tax matters, the MAAC has in principle effect from the date of entry into force in respect of a Party in relation to earlier taxable periods or charges to tax.</p> <p>However, a Party may formulate a reservation to limit the retroactivity in criminal tax matters to taxable periods beginning on or after (or where there is no taxable period, for administrative assistance related to charges to tax arising on or after) 1 January of the third year preceding the year of entry into force of the MAAC in respect of that Party.</p>	<p>Pursuant to Article 30, paragraph 1.f, of the Convention, the Republic of Maldives reserves the right to apply Article 28, paragraph 7, exclusively for administrative assistance related to taxable periods beginning on or after 1 January of the third year preceding the one in which the Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, entered into force for the Republic of Maldives.</p> <p><i>Most of developing countries made this reservation.</i></p>



Annex E. Template for the deposit of the instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval



Note:

- This document must be signed by the Head of State, Head of Government or Minister for Foreign Affairs.
- The Global Forum and Co-ordinating Body Secretariats will provide an electronic version of this template.
- The Global Forum and Co-ordinating Body Secretariats can provide assistance and guidance in this process.
- The draft should be sent to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat for review before it is finalised and officially submitted

[RATIFICATION/ACCEPTANCE/APPROVAL]

WHEREAS the *Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters*, done at Strasbourg on 25 January 1988, as amended by the *Protocol amending the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters*, done at Paris on 27 May 2010 was signed on behalf of the Government of [NAME OF THE STATE] on [DATE],

NOW THEREFORE I, [NAME AND TITLE OF THE SIGNATORY OF THE INSTRUMENT] declares that the Government of [NAME OF STATE] [ratifies][accepts][approves] the Convention and undertakes faithfully to perform and carry out its provisions.

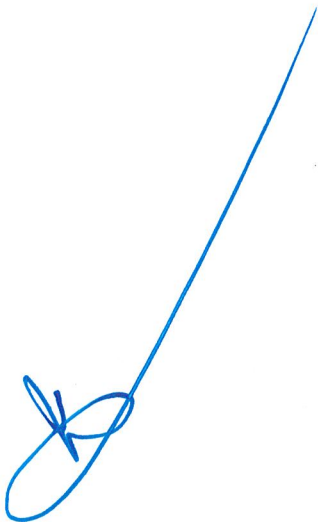
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this instrument of [ratification][acceptance][approval] at [PLACE] on [DATE].

[SIGNATURE]



Convention
on Mutual Administrative Assistance
in Tax Matters

Text amended by the provisions of the Protocol amending the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters, which entered into force on 1st June 2011.



Preamble

The member States of the Council of Europe and the member countries of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), signatories of this Convention,

Considering that the development of international movement of persons, capital, goods and services – although highly beneficial in itself – has increased the possibilities of tax avoidance and evasion and therefore requires increasing co-operation among tax authorities;

Welcoming the various efforts made in recent years to combat tax avoidance and tax evasion on an international level, whether bilaterally or multilaterally;

Considering that a co-ordinated effort between States is necessary in order to foster all forms of administrative assistance in matters concerning taxes of any kind whilst at the same time ensuring adequate protection of the rights of taxpayers;

Recognising that international co-operation can play an important part in facilitating the proper determination of tax liabilities and in helping the taxpayer to secure his rights;

Considering that fundamental principles entitling every person to have his rights and obligations determined in accordance with a proper legal procedure should be recognised as applying to tax matters in all States and that States should endeavour to protect the legitimate interests of taxpayers, including appropriate protection against discrimination and double taxation;

Convinced therefore that States should carry out measures or supply information, having regard to the necessity of protecting the confidentiality of information, and taking account of international instruments for the protection of privacy and flows of personal data;

Considering that a new co-operative environment has emerged and that it is desirable that a multilateral instrument is made available to allow the widest number of States to obtain the benefits of the new co-operative environment and at the same time implement the highest international standards of co-operation in the tax field;

Desiring to conclude a convention on mutual administrative assistance in tax matters,

Have agreed as follows:



Chapter I – Scope of the Convention

Article 1 – Object of the Convention and persons covered

- 1 The Parties shall, subject to the provisions of Chapter IV, provide administrative assistance to each other in tax matters. Such assistance may involve, where appropriate, measures taken by judicial bodies.
- 2 Such administrative assistance shall comprise:
 - a exchange of information, including simultaneous tax examinations and participation in tax examinations abroad;
 - b assistance in recovery, including measures of conservancy; and
 - c service of documents.
- 3 A Party shall provide administrative assistance whether the person affected is a resident or national of a Party or of any other State.

Article 2 – Taxes covered

- 1 This Convention shall apply:
 - a to the following taxes:
 - i taxes on income or profits,
 - ii taxes on capital gains which are imposed separately from the tax on income or profits,
 - iii taxes on net wealth,imposed on behalf of a Party; and
 - b to the following taxes:
 - i taxes on income, profits, capital gains or net wealth which are imposed on behalf of political subdivisions or local authorities of a Party,
 - ii compulsory social security contributions payable to general government or to social security institutions established under public law, and
 - iii taxes in other categories, except customs duties, imposed on behalf of a Party, namely:
 - A. estate, inheritance or gift taxes,



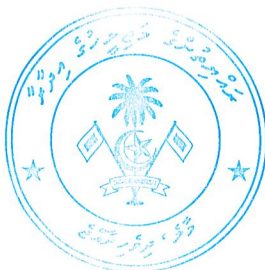
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- B. taxes on immovable property,
 - C. general consumption taxes, such as value added or sales taxes,
 - D. specific taxes on goods and services such as excise taxes,
 - E. taxes on the use or ownership of motor vehicles,
 - F. taxes on the use or ownership of movable property other than motor vehicles,
 - G. any other taxes;
- iv taxes in categories referred to in sub-paragraph iii. above which are imposed on behalf of political subdivisions or local authorities of a Party.
- 2 The existing taxes to which the Convention shall apply are listed in Annex A in the categories referred to in paragraph 1.
- 3 The Parties shall notify the Secretary General of the Council of Europe or the Secretary General of OECD (hereinafter referred to as the "Depositaries") of any change to be made to Annex A as a result of a modification of the list mentioned in paragraph 2. Such change shall take effect on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of receipt of such notification by the Depositary.
- 4 The Convention shall also apply, as from their adoption, to any identical or substantially similar taxes which are imposed in a Contracting State after the entry into force of the Convention in respect of that Party in addition to or in place of the existing taxes listed in Annex A and, in that event, the Party concerned shall notify one of the Depositaries of the adoption of the tax in question.

Chapter II – General definitions

Article 3 – Definitions

- 1 For the purposes of this Convention, unless the context otherwise requires:
- a the terms "applicant State" and "requested State" mean respectively any Party applying for administrative assistance in tax matters and any Party requested to provide such assistance;
 - b the term "tax" means any tax or social security contribution to which the Convention applies pursuant to Article 2;
 - c the term "tax claim" means any amount of tax, as well as interest thereon, related administrative fines and costs incidental to recovery, which are owed and not yet paid;



- d the term "competent authority" means the persons and authorities listed in Annex B;
- e the term "nationals" in relation to a Party means:
 - i all individuals possessing the nationality of that Party, and
 - ii all legal persons, partnerships, associations and other entities deriving their status as such from the laws in force in that Party.

For each Party that has made a declaration for that purpose, the terms used above will be understood as defined in Annex C.

- 2 As regards the application of the Convention by a Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning which it has under the law of that Party concerning the taxes covered by the Convention.
- 3 The Parties shall notify one of the Depositaries of any change to be made to Annexes B and C. Such change shall take effect on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of receipt of such notification by the Depositary in question.

Chapter III – Forms of assistance

Section I – Exchange of information

Article 4 – General provision

- 1 The Parties shall exchange any information, in particular as provided in this section, that is foreseeably relevant for the administration or enforcement of their domestic laws concerning the taxes covered by this Convention.
- 2 Deleted.
- 3 Any Party may, by a declaration addressed to one of the Depositaries, indicate that, according to its internal legislation, its authorities may inform its resident or national before transmitting information concerning him, in conformity with Articles 5 and 7.

Article 5 – Exchange of information on request

- 1 At the request of the applicant State, the requested State shall provide the applicant State with any information referred to in Article 4 which concerns particular persons or transactions.
- 2 If the information available in the tax files of the requested State is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, that State shall take all relevant measures to provide the applicant State with the information requested.



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Article 6 – Automatic exchange of information

With respect to categories of cases and in accordance with procedures which they shall determine by mutual agreement, two or more Parties shall automatically exchange the information referred to in Article 4.

Article 7 – Spontaneous exchange of information

- 1 A Party shall, without prior request, forward to another Party information of which it has knowledge in the following circumstances:
 - a the first-mentioned Party has grounds for supposing that there may be a loss of tax in the other Party;
 - b a person liable to tax obtains a reduction in or an exemption from tax in the first-mentioned Party which would give rise to an increase in tax or to liability to tax in the other Party;
 - c business dealings between a person liable to tax in a Party and a person liable to tax in another Party are conducted through one or more countries in such a way that a saving in tax may result in one or the other Party or in both;
 - d a Party has grounds for supposing that a saving of tax may result from artificial transfers of profits within groups of enterprises;
 - e information forwarded to the first-mentioned Party by the other Party has enabled information to be obtained which may be relevant in assessing liability to tax in the latter Party.
- 2 Each Party shall take such measures and implement such procedures as are necessary to ensure that information described in paragraph 1 will be made available for transmission to another Party.

Article 8 – Simultaneous tax examinations

- 1 At the request of one of them, two or more Parties shall consult together for the purposes of determining cases and procedures for simultaneous tax examinations. Each Party involved shall decide whether or not it wishes to participate in a particular simultaneous tax examination.
- 2 For the purposes of this Convention, a simultaneous tax examination means an arrangement between two or more Parties to examine simultaneously, each in its own territory, the tax affairs of a person or persons in which they have a common or related interest, with a view to exchanging any relevant information which they so obtain.



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Article 9 – Tax examinations abroad

- 1 At the request of the competent authority of the applicant State, the competent authority of the requested State may allow representatives of the competent authority of the applicant State to be present at the appropriate part of a tax examination in the requested State.
- 2 If the request is acceded to, the competent authority of the requested State shall, as soon as possible, notify the competent authority of the applicant State about the time and place of the examination, the authority or official designated to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the requested State for the conduct of the examination. All decisions with respect to the conduct of the tax examination shall be made by the requested State.
- 3 A Party may inform one of the Depositories of its intention not to accept, as a general rule, such requests as are referred to in paragraph 1. Such a declaration may be made or withdrawn at any time.

Article 10 – Conflicting information

If a Party receives from another Party information about a person's tax affairs which appears to it to conflict with information in its possession, it shall so advise the Party which has provided the information.

Section II - Assistance in recovery

Article 11 – Recovery of tax claims

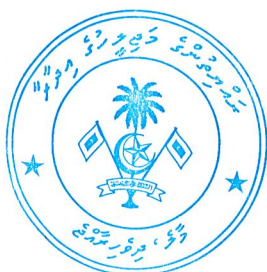
- 1 At the request of the applicant State, the requested State shall, subject to the provisions of Articles 14 and 15, take the necessary steps to recover tax claims of the first-mentioned State as if they were its own tax claims.
- 2 The provision of paragraph 1 shall apply only to tax claims which form the subject of an instrument permitting their enforcement in the applicant State and, unless otherwise agreed between the Parties concerned, which are not contested.

However, where the claim is against a person who is not a resident of the applicant State, paragraph 1 shall only apply, unless otherwise agreed between the Parties concerned, where the claim may no longer be contested.

- 3 The obligation to provide assistance in the recovery of tax claims concerning a deceased person or his estate, is limited to the value of the estate or of the property acquired by each beneficiary of the estate, according to whether the claim is to be recovered from the estate or from the beneficiaries thereof.

Article 12 – Measures of conservancy

At the request of the applicant State, the requested State shall, with a view to the recovery of an amount of tax, take measures of conservancy even if the claim is contested or is not yet the subject of an instrument permitting enforcement.



Article 13 – Documents accompanying the request

- 1 The request for administrative assistance under this section shall be accompanied by:
 - a a declaration that the tax claim concerns a tax covered by the Convention and, in the case of recovery that, subject to paragraph 2 of Article 11, the tax claim is not or may not be contested,
 - b an official copy of the instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant State, and
 - c any other document required for recovery or measures of conservancy.
- 2 The instrument permitting enforcement in the applicant State shall, where appropriate and in accordance with the provisions in force in the requested State, be accepted, recognised, supplemented or replaced as soon as possible after the date of the receipt of the request for assistance, by an instrument permitting enforcement in the latter State.

Article 14 – Time limits

- 1 Questions concerning any period beyond which a tax claim cannot be enforced shall be governed by the law of the applicant State. The request for assistance shall give particulars concerning that period.
- 2 Acts of recovery carried out by the requested State in pursuance of a request for assistance, which, according to the laws of that State, would have the effect of suspending or interrupting the period mentioned in paragraph 1, shall also have this effect under the laws of the applicant State. The requested State shall inform the applicant State about such acts.
- 3 In any case, the requested State is not obliged to comply with a request for assistance which is submitted after a period of 15 years from the date of the original instrument permitting enforcement.

Article 15 – Priority

The tax claim in the recovery of which assistance is provided shall not have in the requested State any priority specially accorded to the tax claims of that State even if the recovery procedure used is the one applicable to its own tax claims.

Article 16 – Deferral of payment

The requested State may allow deferral of payment or payment by instalments if its laws or administrative practice permit it to do so in similar circumstances, but shall first inform the applicant State.



Section III – Service of documents

Article 17 – Service of documents

- 1 At the request of the applicant State, the requested State shall serve upon the addressee documents, including those relating to judicial decisions, which emanate from the applicant State and which relate to a tax covered by this Convention.
- 2 The requested State shall effect service of documents:
 - a by a method prescribed by its domestic laws for the service of documents of a substantially similar nature;
 - b to the extent possible, by a particular method requested by the applicant State or the closest to such method available under its own laws.
- 3 A Party may effect service of documents directly through the post on a person within the territory of another Party.
- 4 Nothing in the Convention shall be construed as invalidating any service of documents by a Party in accordance with its laws.
- 5 When a document is served in accordance with this article, it need not be accompanied by a translation. However, where it is satisfied that the addressee cannot understand the language of the document, the requested State shall arrange to have it translated into or a summary drafted in its or one of its official languages. Alternatively, it may ask the applicant State to have the document either translated into or accompanied by a summary in one of the official languages of the requested State, the Council of Europe or the OECD.

Chapter IV – Provisions relating to all forms of assistance

Article 18 – Information to be provided by the applicant State

- 1 A request for assistance shall indicate where appropriate:
 - a the authority or agency which initiated the request made by the competent authority;
 - b the name, address, or any other particulars assisting in the identification of the person in respect of whom the request is made;
 - c in the case of a request for information, the form in which the applicant State wishes the information to be supplied in order to meet its needs;
 - d in the case of a request for assistance in recovery or measures of conservancy, the nature of the tax claim, the components of the tax claim and the assets from which the tax claim may be recovered;



- e in the case of a request for service of documents, the nature and the subject of the document to be served;
 - f whether it is in conformity with the law and administrative practice of the applicant State and whether it is justified in the light of the requirements of Article 21.2.g.
- 2 As soon as any other information relevant to the request for assistance comes to its knowledge, the applicant State shall forward it to the requested State.

Article 19 – Deleted

Article 20 – Response to the request for assistance

- 1 If the request for assistance is complied with, the requested State shall inform the applicant State of the action taken and of the result of the assistance as soon as possible.
- 2 If the request is declined, the requested State shall inform the applicant State of that decision and the reason for it as soon as possible.
- 3 If, with respect to a request for information, the applicant State has specified the form in which it wishes the information to be supplied and the requested State is in a position to do so, the requested State shall supply it in the form requested.

Article 21 – Protection of persons and limits to the obligation to provide assistance

- 1 Nothing in this Convention shall affect the rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested State.
- 2 Except in the case of Article 14, the provisions of this Convention shall not be construed so as to impose on the requested State the obligation:
- a to carry out measures at variance with its own laws or administrative practice or the laws or administrative practice of the applicant State;
 - b to carry out measures which would be contrary to public policy (*ordre public*);
 - c to supply information which is not obtainable under its own laws or its administrative practice or under the laws of the applicant State or its administrative practice;
 - d to supply information which would disclose any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret, or trade process, or information the disclosure of which would be contrary to public policy (*ordre public*);
 - e to provide administrative assistance if and insofar as it considers the taxation in the applicant State to be contrary to generally accepted taxation principles or to the provisions of a convention for the avoidance of double taxation, or of any other convention which the requested State has concluded with the applicant State;



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- f to provide administrative assistance for the purpose of administering or enforcing a provision of the tax law of the applicant State, or any requirement connected therewith, which discriminates against a national of the requested State as compared with a national of the applicant State in the same circumstances;
 - g to provide administrative assistance if the applicant State has not pursued all reasonable measures available under its laws or administrative practice, except where recourse to such measures would give rise to disproportionate difficulty;
 - h to provide assistance in recovery in those cases where the administrative burden for that State is clearly disproportionate to the benefit to be derived by the applicant State.
- 3 If information is requested by the applicant State in accordance with this Convention, the requested State shall use its information gathering measures to obtain the requested information, even though the requested State may not need such information for its own tax purposes. The obligation contained in the preceding sentence is subject to the limitations contained in this Convention, but in no case shall such limitations, including in particular those of paragraphs 1 and 2, be construed to permit a requested State to decline to supply information solely because it has no domestic interest in such information.
- 4 In no case shall the provisions of this Convention, including in particular those of paragraphs 1 and 2, be construed to permit a requested State to decline to supply information solely because the information is held by a bank, other financial institution, nominee or person acting in an agency or a fiduciary capacity or because it relates to ownership interests in a person.

Article 22 – Secrecy

- 1 Any information obtained by a Party under this Convention shall be treated as secret and protected in the same manner as information obtained under the domestic law of that Party and, to the extent needed to ensure the necessary level of protection of personal data, in accordance with the safeguards which may be specified by the supplying Party as required under its domestic law.
- 2 Such information shall in any case be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative or supervisory bodies) concerned with the assessment, collection or recovery of, the enforcement or prosecution in respect of, or the determination of appeals in relation to, taxes of that Party, or the oversight of the above. Only the persons or authorities mentioned above may use the information and then only for such purposes. They may, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, disclose it in public court proceedings or in judicial decisions relating to such taxes.



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- 3 If a Party has made a reservation provided for in sub-paragraph a. of paragraph 1 of Article 30, any other Party obtaining information from that Party shall not use it for the purpose of a tax in a category subject to the reservation. Similarly, the Party making such a reservation shall not use information obtained under this Convention for the purpose of a tax in a category subject to the reservation.
- 4 Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, information received by a Party may be used for other purposes when such information may be used for such other purposes under the laws of the supplying Party and the competent authority of that Party authorises such use. Information provided by a Party to another Party may be transmitted by the latter to a third Party, subject to prior authorisation by the competent authority of the first-mentioned Party.

Article 23 – Proceedings

- 1 Proceedings relating to measures taken under this Convention by the requested State shall be brought only before the appropriate body of that State.
- 2 Proceedings relating to measures taken under this Convention by the applicant State, in particular those which, in the field of recovery, concern the existence or the amount of the tax claim or the instrument permitting its enforcement, shall be brought only before the appropriate body of that State. If such proceedings are brought, the applicant State shall inform the requested State which shall suspend the procedure pending the decision of the body in question. However, the requested State shall, if asked by the applicant State, take measures of conservancy to safeguard recovery. The requested State can also be informed of such proceedings by any interested person. Upon receipt of such information the requested State shall consult on the matter, if necessary, with the applicant State.
- 3 As soon as a final decision in the proceedings has been given, the requested State or the applicant State, as the case may be, shall notify the other State of the decision and the implications which it has for the request for assistance.

Chapter V – Special provisions

Article 24 – Implementation of the Convention

- 1 The Parties shall communicate with each other for the implementation of this Convention through their respective competent authorities. The competent authorities may communicate directly for this purpose and may authorise subordinate authorities to act on their behalf. The competent authorities of two or more Parties may mutually agree on the mode of application of the Convention among themselves.
- 2 Where the requested State considers that the application of this Convention in a particular case would have serious and undesirable consequences, the competent authorities of the requested and of the applicant State shall consult each other and endeavour to resolve the situation by mutual agreement.



- 3 A co-ordinating body composed of representatives of the competent authorities of the Parties shall monitor the implementation and development of this Convention, under the aegis of the OECD. To that end, the co-ordinating body shall recommend any action likely to further the general aims of the Convention. In particular it shall act as a forum for the study of new methods and procedures to increase international co-operation in tax matters and, where appropriate, it may recommend revisions or amendments to the Convention. States which have signed but not yet ratified, accepted or approved the Convention are entitled to be represented at the meetings of the co-ordinating body as observers.
- 4 A Party may ask the co-ordinating body to furnish opinions on the interpretation of the provisions of the Convention.
- 5 Where difficulties or doubts arise between two or more Parties regarding the implementation or interpretation of the Convention, the competent authorities of those Parties shall endeavour to resolve the matter by mutual agreement. The agreement shall be communicated to the co-ordinating body.
- 6 The Secretary General of OECD shall inform the Parties, and the Signatory States which have not yet ratified, accepted or approved the Convention, of opinions furnished by the co-ordinating body according to the provisions of paragraph 4 above and of mutual agreements reached under paragraph 5 above.

Article 25 – Language

Requests for assistance and answers thereto shall be drawn up in one of the official languages of the OECD and of the Council of Europe or in any other language agreed bilaterally between the Contracting States concerned.

Article 26 – Costs

Unless otherwise agreed bilaterally by the Parties concerned:

- a ordinary costs incurred in providing assistance shall be borne by the requested State;
- b extraordinary costs incurred in providing assistance shall be borne by the applicant State.

Chapter VI – Final provisions

Article 27 – Other international agreements or arrangements

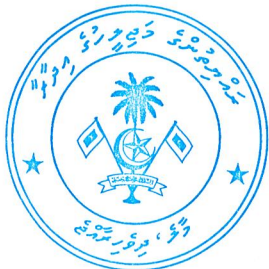
- 1 The possibilities of assistance provided by this Convention do not limit, nor are they limited by, those contained in existing or future international agreements or other arrangements between the Parties concerned or other instruments which relate to co-operation in tax matters.



- 2 Notwithstanding paragraph 1, those Parties which are member States of the European Union can apply, in their mutual relations, the possibilities of assistance provided for by the Convention in so far as they allow a wider co-operation than the possibilities offered by the applicable European Union rules.

Article 28 – Signature and entry into force of the Convention

- 1 This Convention shall be open for signature by the member States of the Council of Europe and the member countries of OECD. It is subject to ratification, acceptance or approval. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with one of the Depositaries.
- 2 This Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date on which five States have expressed their consent to be bound by the Convention in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1.
- 3 In respect of any member State of the Council of Europe or any member country of OECD which subsequently expresses its consent to be bound by it, the Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of the deposit of the instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval.
- 4 Any member State of the Council of Europe or any member country of OECD which becomes a Party to the Convention after the entry into force of the Protocol amending this Convention, opened for signature on 27th May 2010 (the “2010 Protocol”), shall be a Party to the Convention as amended by that Protocol, unless they express a different intention in a written communication to one of the Depositaries.
- 5 After the entry into force of the 2010 Protocol, any State which is not a member of the Council of Europe or of the OECD may request to be invited to sign and ratify this Convention as amended by the 2010 Protocol. Any request to this effect shall be addressed to one of the Depositaries, who shall transmit it to the Parties. The Depositary shall also inform the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe and the OECD Council. The decision to invite States which so request to become Party to this Convention shall be taken by consensus by the Parties to the Convention through the co-ordinating body. In respect of any State ratifying the Convention as amended by the 2010 Protocol in accordance with this paragraph, this Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of deposit of the instrument of ratification with one of the Depositaries.
- 6 The provisions of this Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, shall have effect for administrative assistance related to taxable periods beginning on or after 1 January of the year following the one in which the Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, entered into force in respect of a Party, or where there is no taxable period, for administrative assistance related to charges to tax arising on or after 1 January of the year following the one in which the Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, entered into force in respect of a Party. Any two or more Parties may mutually agree that the Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, shall have effect for administrative assistance related to earlier taxable periods or charges to tax.



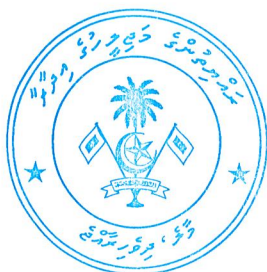
- 7 Notwithstanding paragraph 6, for tax matters involving intentional conduct which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the applicant Party, the provisions of this Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, shall have effect from the date of entry into force in respect of a Party in relation to earlier taxable periods or charges to tax.

Article 29 – Territorial application of the Convention

- 1 Each State may, at the time of signature, or when depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval, specify the territory or territories to which this Convention shall apply.
- 2 Any State may, at any later date, by a declaration addressed to one of the Depositaries, extend the application of this Convention to any other territory specified in the declaration. In respect of such territory the Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of receipt of such declaration by the Depositary.
- 3 Any declaration made under either of the two preceding paragraphs may, in respect of any territory specified in such declaration, be withdrawn by a notification addressed to one of the Depositaries. The withdrawal shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of receipt of such notification by the Depositary.

Article 30 – Reservations

- 1 Any State may, at the time of signature or when depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval or at any later date, declare that it reserves the right:
- a not to provide any form of assistance in relation to the taxes of other Parties in any of the categories listed in sub-paragraph b. of paragraph 1 of Article 2, provided that it has not included any domestic tax in that category under Annex A of the Convention;
 - b not to provide assistance in the recovery of any tax claim, or in the recovery of an administrative fine, for all taxes or only for taxes in one or more of the categories listed in paragraph 1 of Article 2;
 - c not to provide assistance in respect of any tax claim, which is in existence at the date of entry into force of the Convention in respect of that State or, where a reservation has previously been made under sub-paragraph a. or b. above, at the date of withdrawal of such a reservation in relation to taxes in the category in question;
 - d not to provide assistance in the service of documents for all taxes or only for taxes in one or more of the categories listed in paragraph 1 of Article 2;



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- e not to permit the service of documents through the post as provided for in paragraph 3 of Article 17;
- f to apply paragraph 7 of Article 28 exclusively for administrative assistance related to taxable periods beginning on or after 1 January of the third year preceding the one in which the Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, entered into force in respect of a Party, or where there is no taxable period, for administrative assistance related to charges to tax arising on or after 1 January of the third year preceding the one in which the Convention, as amended by the 2010 Protocol, entered into force in respect of a Party.
- 2 No other reservation may be made.
- 3 After the entry into force of the Convention in respect of a Party, that Party may make one or more of the reservations listed in paragraph 1 which it did not make at the time of ratification, acceptance or approval. Such reservations shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of receipt of the reservation by one of the Depositaries.
- 4 Any Party which has made a reservation under paragraphs 1 and 3 may wholly or partly withdraw it by means of a notification addressed to one of the Depositaries. The withdrawal shall take effect on the date of receipt of such notification by the Depositary in question.
- 5 A Party which has made a reservation in respect of a provision of this Convention may not require the application of that provision by any other Party; it may, however, if its reservation is partial, require the application of that provision insofar as it has itself accepted it.

Article 31 – Denunciation

- 1 Any Party may, at any time, denounce this Convention by means of a notification addressed to one of the Depositaries.
- 2 Such denunciation shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of three months after the date of receipt of the notification by the Depositary.
- 3 Any Party which denounces the Convention shall remain bound by the provisions of Article 22 for as long as it retains in its possession any documents or information obtained under the Convention.

Article 32 – Depositaries and their functions

- 1 The Depositary with whom an act, notification or communication has been accomplished, shall notify the member States of the Council of Europe and the member countries of OECD and any Party to this Convention of:
- a any signature;

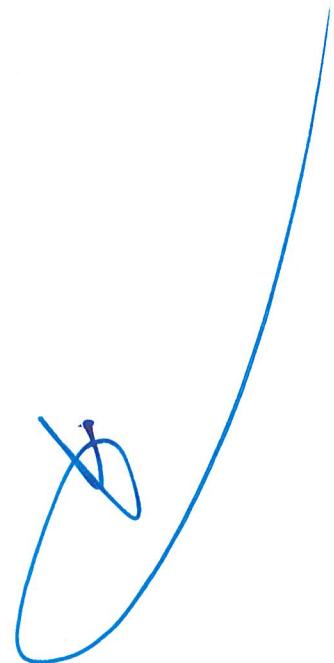


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- b the deposit of any instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval;
 - c any date of entry into force of this Convention in accordance with the provisions of Articles 28 and 29;
 - d any declaration made in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph 3 of Article 4 or paragraph 3 of Article 9 and the withdrawal of any such declaration;
 - e any reservation made in pursuance of the provisions of Article 30 and the withdrawal of any reservation effected in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph 4 of Article 30;
 - f any notification received in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph 3 or 4 of Article 2, paragraph 3 of Article 3, Article 29 or paragraph 1 of Article 31;
 - g any other act, notification or communication relating to this Convention.
- 2 The Depositary receiving a communication or making a notification in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph 1 shall inform immediately the other Depositary thereof.

In witness whereof the undersigned, being duly authorised thereto, have signed the Convention.

Established by the Depositaries the 1st day of June 2011 pursuant to Article X.4 of the Protocol amending the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters, in English and French, both texts being equally authentic, in two copies of which one shall be deposited in the archives of each Depositary. The Depositaries shall transmit a certified copy to each Party to the Convention as amended by the Protocol and to each State entitled to become a party.



MULTILATERAL COMPETENT AUTHORITY AGREEMENT ON THE EXCHANGE OF COUNTRY-BY-COUNTRY REPORTS

Whereas, the jurisdictions of the signatories to the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on the Exchange of Country-by-Country Reports (the "Agreement") are Parties of, or territories covered by, the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters or the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters as amended by the Protocol (the "Convention") or have signed or expressed their intention to sign the Convention and acknowledge that the Convention must be in force and in effect in relation to them before the automatic exchange of Country-by-Country (CbC) Reports takes place;

Whereas, a country that has signed or expressed its intention to sign the Convention will only become a Jurisdiction as defined in Section 1 of this Agreement once it has become a Party to the Convention;

Whereas, the jurisdictions desire to increase international tax transparency and improve access of their respective tax authorities to information regarding the global allocation of the income, the taxes paid, and certain indicators of the location of economic activity among tax jurisdictions in which Multinational Enterprise (MNE) Groups operate through the automatic exchange of annual CbC Reports, with a view to assessing high-level transfer pricing risks and other base erosion and profit shifting related risks, as well as for economic and statistical analysis, where appropriate;

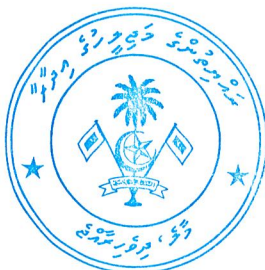
Whereas, the laws of the respective Jurisdictions require or are expected to require the Reporting Entity of an MNE Group to annually file a CbC Report;

Whereas, the CbC Report is intended to be part of a three-tiered structure, along with a global master file and a local file, which together represent a standardised approach to transfer pricing documentation which will provide tax administrations with relevant and reliable information to perform an efficient and robust transfer pricing risk assessment analysis;

Whereas, Chapter III of the Convention authorises the exchange of information for tax purposes, including the exchange of information on an automatic basis, and allows the competent authorities of the Jurisdictions to agree on the scope and modalities of such automatic exchanges;

Whereas, Article 6 of the Convention provides that two or more Parties can mutually agree to exchange information automatically, albeit that the actual exchange of the information will take place on a bilateral basis between the Competent Authorities;

Whereas, the Jurisdictions will have, or are expected to have in place by the time the first exchange of CbC Reports takes place, (i) appropriate safeguards to ensure that the information received pursuant to this Agreement remains confidential and is used for the purposes of assessing high-level transfer pricing risks and other base erosion and profit shifting related risks, as well as for economic and statistical analysis, where appropriate, in accordance with Section 5 of this Agreement, (ii) the infrastructure for an effective exchange relationship (including established processes for ensuring timely, accurate, and confidential information exchanges, effective and reliable communications, and capabilities to promptly resolve questions and concerns about exchanges or requests for exchanges and to administer the provisions of Section 4 of this Agreement) and (iii) the necessary legislation to require Reporting Entities to file the CbC Report;



Whereas the Jurisdictions are committed to discuss with the aim of resolving cases of undesirable economic outcomes, including for individual businesses, in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article 24 of the Convention, as well as paragraph 1 of Section 6 of this Agreement;

Whereas mutual agreement procedures, for instance on the basis of a double tax convention concluded between the jurisdictions of the Competent Authorities, remain applicable in cases where the CbC Report has been exchanged on the basis of this Agreement;

Whereas, the Competent Authorities of the jurisdictions intend to conclude this Agreement, without prejudice to national legislative procedures (if any), and subject to the confidentiality and other protections provided for in the Convention, including the provisions limiting the use of the information exchanged thereunder;

Now, therefore, the Competent Authorities have agreed as follows:

SECTION 1 *Definitions*

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the following meanings:
 - a. the term “**Jurisdiction**” means a country or a territory in respect of which the Convention is in force and is in effect, either through ratification, acceptance or approval in accordance with Article 28, or through territorial extension in accordance with Article 29, and which is a signatory to this Agreement;
 - b. the term “**Competent Authority**” means, for each respective Jurisdiction, the persons and authorities listed in Annex B of the Convention;
 - c. The term “**Group**” means a collection of enterprises related through ownership or control such that it is either required to prepare consolidated financial statements for financial reporting purposes under applicable accounting principles or would be so required if equity interests in any of the enterprises were traded on a public securities exchange;
 - d. the term “**Multinational Enterprise (MNE) Group**” means any Group that (i) includes two or more enterprises the tax residence for which is in different jurisdictions, or includes an enterprise that is resident for tax purposes in one jurisdiction and is subject to tax with respect to the business carried out through a permanent establishment in another jurisdiction, and (ii) is not an Excluded MNE Group;
 - e. the term “**Excluded MNE Group**” means a Group that is not required to file a CbC Report on the basis that the annual consolidated group revenue of the Group during the fiscal year immediately preceding the reporting fiscal year, as reflected in its consolidated financial statements for such preceding fiscal year, is below the threshold defined in domestic law by the Jurisdiction and being consistent with the 2015 Report, as may be amended following the 2020 review contemplated therein;
 - f. the term “**Constituent Entity**” means (i) any separate business unit of an MNE Group that is included in the consolidated financial statements for financial reporting purposes, or would be so included if equity interests in such business unit of an MNE Group were traded on a public securities exchange (ii) any separate business unit that is excluded from the MNE Group’s consolidated financial statements solely on size or materiality grounds and (iii) any permanent establishment of any separate business unit of the MNE Group included in (i) or (ii) above provided the business unit prepares a separate financial statement for such permanent establishment for financial reporting, regulatory, tax reporting or internal management control purposes;



- g. the term “**Reporting Entity**” means the Constituent Entity that, by virtue of domestic law in its jurisdiction of tax residence, files the CbC Report in its capacity to do so on behalf of the MNE Group;
 - h. the term “**CbC Report**” means the country-by-country report to be filed annually by the Reporting Entity in accordance with the laws of its jurisdiction of tax residence and with the information required to be reported under such laws covering the items and reflecting the format set out in the 2015 Report, as may be amended following the 2020 review contemplated therein;
 - i. the term “**2015 Report**” means the consolidated report, entitled “Transfer Pricing Documentation and Country-by-Country Reporting, on Action 13 of the OECD/G20 Action Plan on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting”;
 - j. the term “**Co-ordinating Body**” means the co-ordinating body of the Convention that, pursuant to paragraph 3 of Article 24 of the Convention, is composed of representatives of the competent authorities of the Parties to the Convention;
 - k. the term “**Co-ordinating Body Secretariat**” means the OECD Secretariat that provides support to the Co-ordinating Body;
1. the term “**Agreement in effect**” means, in respect of any two Competent Authorities, that both Competent Authorities have indicated their intention to automatically exchange information with each other and have satisfied the other conditions set out in paragraph 2 of Section 8. A list of Competent Authorities between which this Agreement is in effect is to be published on the OECD Website.
2. As regards to the application of this Agreement at any time by a Competent Authority of a Jurisdiction, any term not otherwise defined in this Agreement will, unless the context otherwise requires or the Competent Authorities agree to a common meaning (as permitted by domestic law), have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of the Jurisdiction applying this Agreement, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Jurisdiction prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Jurisdiction.

SECTION 2

Exchange of Information with Respect to MNE Groups

1. Pursuant to the provisions of Articles 6, 21 and 22 of the Convention, each Competent Authority will annually exchange on an automatic basis the CbC Report received from each Reporting Entity that is resident for tax purposes in its jurisdiction with all such other Competent Authorities of Jurisdictions with respect to which it has this Agreement in effect, and in which, on the basis of the information in the CbC Report, one or more Constituent Entities of the MNE Group of the Reporting Entity are either resident for tax purposes, or are subject to tax with respect to the business carried out through a permanent establishment.
2. Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, the Competent Authorities of the Jurisdictions that have indicated that they are to be listed as non-reciprocal jurisdictions on the basis of their notification pursuant to paragraph 1 b) of Section 8 will send CbC Reports pursuant to paragraph 1, but will not receive CbC Reports under this Agreement. Competent Authorities of Jurisdictions that are not listed as non-reciprocal Jurisdictions will both send and receive the information specified in paragraph 1. Competent Authorities will, however, not send such information to Competent Authorities of the Jurisdictions included in the aforementioned list of non-reciprocal Jurisdictions.



SECTION 3

Time and Manner of Exchange of Information

1. For the purposes of the exchange of information in Section 2, the currency of the amounts contained in the CbC Report will be specified.
2. With respect to paragraph 1 of Section 2, a CbC Report is first to be exchanged, with respect to the fiscal year of the MNE Group commencing on or after the date indicated by the Competent Authority in the notification pursuant to paragraph 1a) of Section 8, as soon as possible and no later than 18 months after the last day of that fiscal year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a CbC Report is only required to be exchanged, if both Competent Authorities have this Agreement in effect and their respective Jurisdictions have in effect legislation that requires the filing of CbC Reports with respect to the fiscal year to which the CbC Report relates and that is consistent with the scope of exchange provided for in Section 2.
3. Subject to paragraph 2, the CbC Report is to be exchanged as soon as possible and no later than 15 months after the last day of the fiscal year of the MNE Group to which the CbC Report relates.
4. The Competent Authorities will automatically exchange the CbC Reports through a common schema in Extensible Markup Language.
5. The Competent Authorities will work towards and agree on one or more methods for electronic data transmission, including encryption standards, with a view to maximising standardisation and minimising complexities and costs and will notify the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat of such standardised transmission and encryption methods.

SECTION 4

Collaboration on Compliance and Enforcement

A Competent Authority will notify the other Competent Authority when the first-mentioned Competent Authority has reason to believe, with respect to a Reporting Entity that is resident for tax purposes in the jurisdiction of the other Competent Authority, that an error may have led to incorrect or incomplete information reporting or that there is non-compliance of a Reporting Entity with respect to its obligation to file a CbC Report. The notified Competent Authority will take appropriate measures available under its domestic law to address the errors or non-compliance described in the notice.

SECTION 5

Confidentiality, Data Safeguards and Appropriate Use

1. All information exchanged is subject to the confidentiality rules and other safeguards provided for in the Convention, including the provisions limiting the use of the information exchanged.



2. In addition to the restrictions in paragraph 1, the use of the information will be further limited to the permissible uses described in this paragraph. In particular, information received by means of the CbC Report will be used for assessing high-level transfer pricing, base erosion and profit shifting related risks, and, where appropriate, for economic and statistical analysis. The information will not be used as a substitute for a detailed transfer pricing analysis of individual transactions and prices based on a full functional analysis and a full comparability analysis. It is acknowledged that information in the CbC Report on its own does not constitute conclusive evidence that transfer prices are or are not appropriate and, consequently, transfer pricing adjustments will not be based on the CbC Report. Inappropriate adjustments in contravention of this paragraph made by local tax administrations will be conceded in any competent authority proceedings. Notwithstanding the above, there is no prohibition on using the CbC Report data as a basis for making further enquiries into the MNE Group's transfer pricing arrangements or into other tax matters in the course of a tax audit and, as a result, appropriate adjustments to the taxable income of a Constituent Entity may be made.

3. To the extent permitted under applicable law, a Competent Authority will notify the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat immediately of any cases of non-compliance with paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Section, including any remedial actions, as well as any measures taken in respect of non-compliance with the above-mentioned paragraphs. The Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will notify all Competent Authorities with respect to which this is an Agreement in effect with the first mentioned Competent Authority.

SECTION 6

Consultations

1. In case an adjustment of the taxable income of a Constituent Entity, as a result of further enquiries based on the data in the CbC Report, leads to undesirable economic outcomes, including if such cases arise for a specific business, the Competent Authorities of the Jurisdictions in which the affected Constituent Entities are resident shall consult each other and discuss with the aim of resolving the case.

2. If any difficulties in the implementation or interpretation of this Agreement arise, a Competent Authority may request consultations with one or more of the Competent Authorities to develop appropriate measures to ensure that this Agreement is fulfilled. In particular, a Competent Authority shall consult with the other Competent Authority, before the first-mentioned Competent Authority determines that there is a systemic failure to exchange CbC Reports with the other Competent Authority. Where the first mentioned Competent Authority makes such a determination it shall notify the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat which, after having informed the other Competent Authority concerned, will notify all Competent Authorities. To the extent permitted by applicable law, either Competent Authority may, and if it so wishes through the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat, involve other Competent Authorities that have this Agreement in effect with a view to finding an acceptable resolution to the issue.

3. The Competent Authority that requested the consultations pursuant to paragraph 2 shall ensure, as appropriate, that the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat is notified of any conclusions that were reached and measures that were developed, including the absence of such conclusions or measures, and the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will notify all Competent Authorities, even those that did not participate in the consultations, of any such conclusions or measures. Taxpayer-specific information, including information that would reveal the identity of the taxpayer involved, is not to be furnished.



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SECTION 7
Amendments

This Agreement may be amended by consensus by written agreement of all of the Competent Authorities that have the Agreement in effect. Unless otherwise agreed upon, such an amendment is effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of one month after the date of the last signature of such written agreement.

SECTION 8
Term of Agreement

1. A Competent Authority must provide, at the time of signature of this Agreement or as soon as possible thereafter, a notification to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat:
 - a. that its Jurisdiction has the necessary laws in place to require Reporting Entities to file a CbC Report and that its Jurisdiction will require the filing of CbC Reports with respect to fiscal years of Reporting Entities commencing on or after the date set out in the notification;
 - b. specifying whether the Jurisdiction is to be included in the list of non-reciprocal Jurisdictions;
 - c. specifying one or more methods for electronic data transmission including encryption;
 - d. that it has in place the necessary legal framework and infrastructure to ensure the required confidentiality and data safeguards standards in accordance with Article 22 of the Convention and paragraph 1 and Section 5 of this Agreement, as well as the appropriate use of the information in the CbC Reports as described in paragraph 2 of Section 5 of this Agreement, and attaching the completed confidentiality and data safeguard questionnaire attached as Annex to this Agreement; and
 - e. that includes (i) a list of the Jurisdictions of the Competent Authorities with respect to which it intends to have this Agreement in effect, following national legislative procedures for entry into force (if any) or (ii) a declaration by the Competent Authority that it intends to have this Agreement in effect with all other Competent Authorities that provide a notification under paragraph 1e) of Section 8.

Competent Authorities must notify the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat, promptly, of any subsequent change to be made to any of the above-mentioned content of the notification.

2. This Agreement will come into effect between two Competent Authorities on the later of the following dates: (i) the date on which the second of the two Competent Authorities has provided notification to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat under paragraph 1 that includes the other Competent Authority's Jurisdiction pursuant to subparagraph 1e) and (ii) the date on which the Convention has entered into force and is in effect for both Jurisdictions.

3. The Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will maintain a list that will be published on the OECD website of the Competent Authorities that have signed the Agreement and between which Competent Authorities this is an Agreement in effect. In addition, the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will publish the information provided by Competent Authorities pursuant to subparagraphs 1(a) and (b) on the OECD website.

4. The information provided pursuant to subparagraphs 1(c) through (e) will be made available to other signatories upon request in writing to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat.



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5. A Competent Authority may temporarily suspend the exchange of information under this Agreement by giving notice in writing to another Competent Authority that it has determined that there is or has been significant non-compliance by the second-mentioned Competent Authority with this Agreement. Before making such a determination, the first-mentioned Competent Authority shall consult with the other Competent Authority. For the purposes of this paragraph, significant non-compliance means non-compliance with paragraphs 1 and 2 of Section 5 and paragraph 1 of Section 6 of this Agreement and/or the corresponding provisions of the Convention, as well as a failure by the Competent Authority to provide timely or adequate information as required under this Agreement. A suspension will have immediate effect and will last until the second-mentioned Competent Authority establishes in a manner acceptable to both Competent Authorities that there has been no significant non-compliance or that the second-mentioned Competent Authority has adopted relevant measures that address the significant non-compliance. To the extent permitted by applicable law, either Competent Authority may, and if it so wishes through the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat, involve other Competent Authorities that have this Agreement in effect with a view to finding an acceptable resolution to the issue.

6. A Competent Authority may terminate its participation in this Agreement, or with respect to a particular Competent Authority, by giving notice of termination in writing to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat. Such termination will become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of 12 months after the date of the notice of termination. In the event of termination, all information previously received under this Agreement will remain confidential and subject to the terms of the Convention.

SECTION 9 *Co-ordinating Body Secretariat*

Unless otherwise provided for in the Agreement, the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will notify all Competent Authorities of any notifications that it has received under this Agreement and will provide a notice to all signatories of the Agreement when a new Competent Authority signs the Agreement.

Done in English and French, both texts being equally authentic.



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DECLARATION

I, _____,
on behalf of the Competent Authority of _____,
declare that it hereby agrees to comply with the provisions of the

*Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on
Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information*

hereafter referred to as the “Agreement” and attached to this Declaration.

By means of the present Declaration, the Competent Authority of _____ is to be considered a signatory of the Agreement as from [day] [month] [year]. The Agreement will come into effect in respect of the Competent Authority of _____ in accordance with Section 7 thereof.

The Annex F notification referred to in Section 3(3) of the Agreement is deposited herewith.

Signed in [location] on [day] [month] [year]



**MULTILATERAL COMPETENT
AUTHORITY AGREEMENT
ON AUTOMATIC EXCHANGE
OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNT INFORMATION**

Whereas, the jurisdictions of the signatories to the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (the "Agreement") are Parties of, or territories covered by, the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters or the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters as amended by the Protocol amending the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters (the "Convention") or have signed or expressed their intention to sign the Convention and acknowledge that the Convention must be in force and in effect in relation to them before the first exchange of financial account information takes place;

Whereas, the jurisdictions intend to improve international tax compliance by further building on their relationship with respect to mutual assistance in tax matters;

Whereas, the Common Reporting Standard was developed by the OECD, with G20 countries, to tackle tax avoidance and evasion and improve tax compliance;

Whereas, a country that has signed or expressed its intention to sign the Convention will only become a Jurisdiction as defined in Section 1 of this Agreement once it has become a Party to the Convention;

Whereas, the laws of the respective Jurisdictions require or are expected to require financial institutions to report information regarding certain accounts and follow related due diligence procedures, consistent with the scope of exchange contemplated by Section 2 of this Agreement and the reporting and due diligence procedures set out in the Common Reporting Standard;

Whereas, it is expected that the laws of the Jurisdictions would be amended from time to time to reflect updates to the Common Reporting Standard and once such changes are enacted by a Jurisdiction the definition of Common Reporting Standard would be deemed to refer to the updated version in respect of that Jurisdiction;

Whereas, Chapter III of the Convention authorises the exchange of information for tax purposes, including the exchange of information on an automatic basis, and allows the competent authorities of the Jurisdictions to agree the scope and modalities of such automatic exchanges;

Whereas, Article 6 of the Convention provides that two or more Parties can mutually agree to exchange information automatically, the exchange of the information will be on a bilateral basis between the Competent Authorities;



Whereas, the Jurisdictions have, or are expected to have, in place by the time the first exchange takes place (i) appropriate safeguards to ensure that the information received pursuant to this Agreement remains confidential and is used solely for the purposes set out in the Convention, and (ii) the infrastructure for an effective exchange relationship (including established processes for ensuring timely, accurate, and confidential information exchanges, effective and reliable communications, and capabilities to promptly resolve questions and concerns about exchanges or requests for exchanges and to administer the provisions of Section 4 of this Agreement);

Whereas, the Competent Authorities of the jurisdictions intend to conclude an agreement to improve international tax compliance based on automatic exchange pursuant to the Convention, without prejudice to national legislative procedures (if any), respecting EU law (if applicable), and subject to the confidentiality and other protections provided for in the Convention, including the provisions limiting the use of the information exchanged thereunder;

Now, therefore, the Competent Authorities have agreed as follows:

SECTION I

Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, the following terms have the following meanings:
 - a) the term “**Jurisdiction**” means a country or a territory in respect of which the Convention is in force and is in effect, either through signature and ratification in accordance with Article 28, or through territorial extension in accordance with Article 29, and which is a signatory to this Agreement;
 - b) the term “**Competent Authority**” means, for each respective Jurisdiction, the persons and authorities listed in Annex B of the Convention;
 - c) the term “**Jurisdiction Financial Institution**” means, for each respective Jurisdiction, (i) any Financial Institution that is resident in the Jurisdiction, but excludes any branch of that Financial Institution that is located outside the Jurisdiction, and (ii) any branch of a Financial Institution that is not resident in the Jurisdiction, if that branch is located in the Jurisdiction;
 - d) the term “**Reporting Financial Institution**” means any Jurisdiction Financial Institution that is not a Non-Reporting Financial Institution;
 - e) the term “**Reportable Account**” means a Financial Account that is maintained by a Reporting Financial Institution and that, pursuant to due diligence procedures consistent with the Common Reporting Standard, has been identified as an account that is held by one or more persons that are Reportable Persons with respect to another Jurisdiction or by a Passive Non-Financial Entity with one or more Controlling Persons that are Reportable Persons with respect to another Jurisdiction,
 - f) the term “**Common Reporting Standard**” means the standard for automatic exchange of financial account information in tax matters (which includes the Commentaries), developed by the OECD, with G20 countries;



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- g) the term “Co-ordinating Body Secretariat” means the OECD Secretariat that, pursuant to paragraph 3 of Article 24 of the Convention, provides support to the co-ordinating body that is composed of representatives of the competent authorities of the Parties to the Convention;
- h) the term “Agreement in effect” means, in respect of any two Competent Authorities, that both Competent Authorities have indicated their intention to automatically exchange information with each other and have satisfied the other conditions set out in subparagraph 2.1. of Section 7. The Competent Authorities for which this Agreement is in effect are listed in Annex E.

2. Any capitalised term not otherwise defined in this Agreement will have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of the Jurisdiction applying the Agreement, such meaning being consistent with the meaning set forth in the Common Reporting Standard. Any term not otherwise defined in this Agreement or in the Common Reporting Standard will, unless the context otherwise requires or the Competent Authorities agree to a common meaning (as permitted by domestic law), have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of the Jurisdiction applying this Agreement, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Jurisdiction prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Jurisdiction.

SECTION 2

Exchange of Information with Respect to Reportable Accounts

1.1. Pursuant to the provisions of Articles 6 and 22 of the Convention and subject to the applicable reporting and due diligence rules consistent with the Common Reporting Standard, each Competent Authority will annually exchange with the other Competent Authorities, with respect to which it has this Agreement in effect, on an automatic basis the information obtained pursuant to such rules and specified in paragraph 2.

1.2. Notwithstanding the previous paragraph, the Competent Authorities of the Jurisdictions listed in Annex A will send, but not receive, the information specified in paragraph 2. Competent Authorities of Jurisdictions not listed in Annex A will always receive the information specified in paragraph 2. Competent Authorities will not send such information to Competent Authorities of the Jurisdictions listed in Annex A.

2. The information to be exchanged is, with respect to each Reportable Account of another Jurisdiction:

- a) the name, address, TIN(s) and date and place of birth (in the case of an individual) of each Reportable Person that is an Account Holder of the account and, in the case of any Entity that is an Account Holder and that, after application of due diligence procedures consistent with the Common Reporting Standard, is identified as having one or more Controlling Persons that is a Reportable Person, the name, address, and TIN(s) of the Entity and the name, address, TIN(s) and date and place of birth of each Reportable Person;
- b) the account number (or functional equivalent in the absence of an account number);
- c) the name and identifying number (if any) of the Reporting Financial Institution;



- d) the account balance or value (including, in the case of a Cash Value Insurance Contract or Annuity Contract, the Cash Value or surrender value) as of the end of the relevant calendar year or other appropriate reporting period or, if the account was closed during such year or period, the closure of the account;
- e) in the case of any Custodial Account:
 - (1) the total gross amount of interest, the total gross amount of dividends, and the total gross amount of other income generated with respect to the assets held in the account, in each case paid or credited to the account (or with respect to the account) during the calendar year or other appropriate reporting period; and
 - (2) the total gross proceeds from the sale or redemption of Financial Assets paid or credited to the account during the calendar year or other appropriate reporting period with respect to which the Reporting Financial Institution acted as a custodian, broker, nominee, or otherwise as an agent for the Account Holder;
- f) in the case of any Depository Account, the total gross amount of interest paid or credited to the account during the calendar year or other appropriate reporting period; and
- g) in the case of any account not described in subparagraph 2(e) or (f), the total gross amount paid or credited to the Account Holder with respect to the account during the calendar year or other appropriate reporting period with respect to which the Reporting Financial Institution is the obligor or debtor, including the aggregate amount of any redemption payments made to the Account Holder during the calendar year or other appropriate reporting period.

SECTION 3

Time and Manner of Exchange of Information

1. For the purposes of the exchange of information in Section 2, the amount and characterisation of payments made with respect to a Reportable Account may be determined in accordance with the principles of the tax laws of the Jurisdiction exchanging the information.
2. For the purposes of the exchange of information in Section 2, the information exchanged will identify the currency in which each relevant amount is denominated.
3. With respect to paragraph 2 of Section 2, and subject to the notification procedure set out in Section 7, including the dates specified therein, information is to be exchanged commencing from the years specified in Annex F within nine months after the end of the calendar year to which the information relates. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, information is only required to be exchanged with respect to a calendar year if both Competent Authorities have this Agreement in effect and their respective Jurisdictions have in effect legislation that requires reporting with respect to such calendar year that is consistent with the scope of exchange provided for in Section 2 and the reporting and due diligence procedures contained in the Common Reporting Standard.



4. [deleted]

5. The Competent Authorities will automatically exchange the information described in Section 2 in the common reporting standard schema in Extensible Markup Language.

6. The Competent Authorities will work towards and agree on one or more methods for data transmission including encryption standards with a view to maximising standardisation and minimising complexities and costs and will specify those in Annex B.

SECTION 4

Collaboration on Compliance and Enforcement

A Competent Authority will notify the other Competent Authority when the first-mentioned Competent Authority has reason to believe that an error may have led to incorrect or incomplete information reporting or there is non-compliance by a Reporting Financial Institution with the applicable reporting requirements and due diligence procedures consistent with the Common Reporting Standard. The notified Competent Authority will take all appropriate measures available under its domestic law to address the errors or non-compliance described in the notice.

SECTION 5

Confidentiality and Data Safeguards

1. All information exchanged is subject to the confidentiality rules and other safeguards provided for in the Convention, including the provisions limiting the use of the information exchanged and, to the extent needed to ensure the necessary level of protection of personal data, in accordance with the safeguards which may be specified by the supplying Competent Authority as required under its domestic law and listed in Annex C.

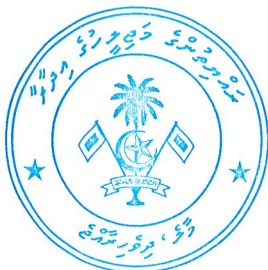
2. A Competent Authority will notify the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat immediately regarding any breach of confidentiality or failure of safeguards and any sanctions and remedial actions consequently imposed. The Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will notify all Competent Authorities with respect to which this is an Agreement in effect with the first mentioned Competent Authority.

SECTION 6

Consultations and Amendments

1. If any difficulties in the implementation or interpretation of this Agreement arise, a Competent Authority may request consultations with one or more of the Competent Authorities to develop appropriate measures to ensure that this Agreement is fulfilled. The Competent Authority that requested the consultations shall ensure, as appropriate, that the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat is notified of any measures that were developed and the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will notify all Competent Authorities, even those that did not participate in the consultations, of any measures that were developed.

2. This Agreement may be amended by consensus by written agreement of all of the Competent Authorities that have the Agreement in effect. Unless otherwise agreed upon, such an amendment is effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of one month after the date of the last signature of such written agreement.



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SECTION 7

Term of Agreement

1. A Competent Authority must provide, at the time of signature of this Agreement or as soon as possible after its Jurisdiction has the necessary laws in place to implement the Common Reporting Standard, a notification to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat:

- a) that its Jurisdiction has the necessary laws in place to implement the Common Reporting Standard and specifying the relevant effective dates with respect to Preexisting Accounts, New Accounts, and the application or completion of the reporting and due diligence procedures;
- b) confirming whether the Jurisdiction is to be listed in Annex A;
- c) specifying one or more methods for data transmission including encryption (Annex B);
- d) specifying safeguards, if any, for the protection of personal data (Annex C);
- e) that it has in place adequate measures to ensure the required confidentiality and data safeguards standards are met and attaching the completed confidentiality and data safeguard questionnaire, to be included in Annex D; and
- f) a list of the Jurisdictions of the Competent Authorities with respect to which it intends to have this Agreement in effect, following national legislative procedures (if any).

Competent Authorities must notify the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat, promptly, of any subsequent change to be made to the above-mentioned Annexes.

2.1. This Agreement will come into effect between two Competent Authorities on the later of the following dates: (i) the date on which the second of the two Competent Authorities has provided notification to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat under paragraph 1, including listing the other Competent Authority's Jurisdiction pursuant to subparagraph 1(f), and, if applicable, (ii) the date on which the Convention has entered into force and is in effect for both Jurisdictions.

2.2. The Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will maintain a list that will be published on the OECD website of the Competent Authorities that have signed the Agreement and between which Competent Authorities this is an Agreement in effect (Annex E).

2.3. The Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will publish on the OECD website the information provided by Competent Authorities pursuant to subparagraphs 1(a) and (b). The information provided pursuant to subparagraphs 1(c) through (f) will be made available to other signatories upon request in writing to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat.



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3. A Competent Authority may suspend the exchange of information under this Agreement by giving notice in writing to another Competent Authority that it has determined that there is or has been significant non-compliance by the second-mentioned Competent Authority with this Agreement. Such suspension will have immediate effect. For the purposes of this paragraph, significant non-compliance includes, but is not limited to, non-compliance with the confidentiality and data safeguard provisions of this Agreement and the Convention, a failure by the Competent Authority to provide timely or adequate information as required under this Agreement or defining the status of Entities or accounts as Non-Reporting Financial Institutions and Excluded Accounts in a manner that frustrates the purposes of the Common Reporting Standard.

4. A Competent Authority may terminate its participation in this Agreement, or with respect to a particular Competent Authority, by giving notice of termination in writing to the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat. Such termination will become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of 12 months after the date of the notice of termination. In the event of termination, all information previously received under this Agreement will remain confidential and subject to the terms of the Convention.

SECTION 8

Co-ordinating Body Secretariat

1. Unless otherwise provided for in the Agreement, the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat will notify all Competent Authorities of any notifications that it has received under this Agreement and will provide a notice to all signatories of the Agreement when a new Competent Authority signs the Agreement.

2. All signatories to the Agreement will share equally, on an annual basis, the costs for the administration of the Agreement by the Co-ordinating Body Secretariat. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, qualifying countries will be exempt from sharing the costs in accordance with Article X of the Rules of Procedure of the Co-ordinating Body of the Convention.

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ANNEX A:

LIST OF NON-RECIPROCAL JURISDICTIONS

[To be completed]



ANNEX B:

TRANSMISSION METHODS

[To be completed]



ANNEX C:
SPECIFIED DATA SAFEGUARDS
[To be completed]



ANNEX D:
CONFIDENTIALITY QUESTIONNAIRE
[To be completed]



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ANNEX E:

COMPETENT AUTHORITIES FOR WHICH THIS IS AN AGREEMENT IN EFFECT

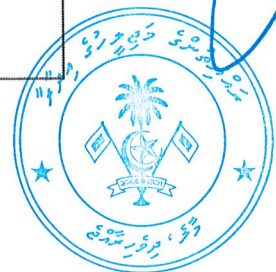
[To be completed]



ANNEX F:

INTENDED EXCHANGE DATES

Accounts	Intended to be defined as	Intended dates to exchange information by		
New Accounts	A Financial Account maintained by a Reporting Financial Institution opened on or after [day] [month] [year].	September [year]		
		Individual High-Value Accounts	Individual Low-Value Accounts	Entity Accounts
Preexisting Accounts	A Financial Account maintained by a Reporting Financial Institution as of [day] [month] [year].	September [year]	September [year]	September [year]



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2021
ދިވެހިރާއްޖޭގެ ބޭރުގެ ގަވާއިދު



ސަރުކާރުގެ ގެޒެޓް: 13-B/1/2021/46

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مجلس الوزراء

دولة قطر
مجلس الوزراء



32-LAD/13/2020/225

قرار مجلس الوزراء رقم 225 لسنة 2020

بموجب قرار مجلس الوزراء رقم 148 لسنة 2020

قرار مجلس الوزراء رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/191) بشأن تعيين
مجلس الوزراء رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب

القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب

1. قرار مجلس الوزراء رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب

2. قرار مجلس الوزراء رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب

3. قرار مجلس الوزراء رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب
القرار رقم 148 لسنة 2020 (7 من 13-B/32/2020/148) بموجب





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المجلس الأعلى للتعليم
الكويت
الكويت

1-10 في 23 من شهر ربيع الثاني سنة 1433 هـ
المجلس الأعلى للتعليم
الكويت
الكويت

1-11 في 26 من شهر ربيع الثاني سنة 1433 هـ
المجلس الأعلى للتعليم
الكويت
الكويت

2. في 28 من شهر ربيع الثاني سنة 1433 هـ
المجلس الأعلى للتعليم
الكويت
الكويت

2-1 في 28 من شهر ربيع الثاني سنة 1433 هـ
المجلس الأعلى للتعليم
الكويت
الكويت

2-2 في 30 من شهر ربيع الثاني سنة 1433 هـ
المجلس الأعلى للتعليم
الكويت
الكويت





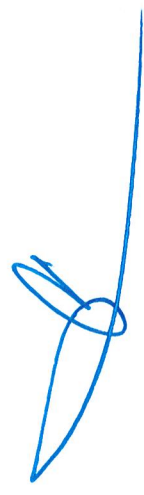
مجلس الوزراء
 رقم 115
 تاريخ 15/12/2006
 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
 رقم 93 لسنة 1993
 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
 رقم 93 لسنة 1993
 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
 رقم 93 لسنة 1993

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 المجلس
 رقم 115
 تاريخ 15/12/2006
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 رقم 93 لسنة 1993

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 المجلس
 رقم 115
 تاريخ 15/12/2006
 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
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 في شأن تعديل قانون
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3-2
 المجلس
 رقم 115
 تاريخ 15/12/2006
 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
 رقم 93 لسنة 1993
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 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
 رقم 93 لسنة 1993

3-3
 المجلس
 رقم 115
 تاريخ 15/12/2006
 في شأن تعديل قانون
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 رقم 93 لسنة 1993
 في شأن تعديل قانون
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 رقم 93 لسنة 1993
 في شأن تعديل قانون
 تنظيم العمل
 رقم 93 لسنة 1993





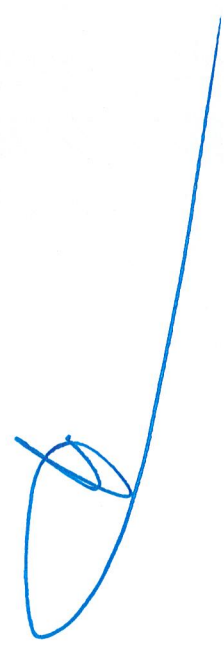
فإنه كما هو مبين في الوثائق المرفقة، فإن كافة الممتلكات التي كانت تابعة للسلطة الأردنية في الضفة الغربية والتي كانت تحت إدارته قبل عام 1967، وبموجب الاتفاقية التي تم توقيعها بين الجانبين في عام 1995، والتي تنص على أن السلطة الفلسطينية ستتعامل مع هذه الممتلكات كسلطة مستقلة، فإن السلطة الفلسطينية تتعهد بعدم بيع أو تحويل أو تفريط في هذه الممتلكات أو في أي جزء منها، ولا يجوز استخدامها لأغراض غير تلك التي صعدت لأجلها، وذلك بما يتوافق مع أحكام القانون رقم 15 لسنة 1998، ولا يجوز استخدامها لأغراض غير تلك التي صعدت لأجلها، وذلك بما يتوافق مع أحكام القانون رقم 15 لسنة 1998.

وتتضمن الوثائق المرفقة أيضاً: 1- قائمة الممتلكات التي كانت تابعة للسلطة الأردنية في الضفة الغربية والتي كانت تحت إدارته قبل عام 1967. 2- قائمة الممتلكات التي كانت تابعة للسلطة الأردنية في الضفة الغربية والتي كانت تحت إدارته قبل عام 1967. 3- قائمة الممتلكات التي كانت تابعة للسلطة الأردنية في الضفة الغربية والتي كانت تحت إدارته قبل عام 1967. 4- قائمة الممتلكات التي كانت تابعة للسلطة الأردنية في الضفة الغربية والتي كانت تحت إدارته قبل عام 1967.

في حيفا، بتاريخ 15/04/2018

23 إبريل 1439

5 ربيع الثاني 2018



بصفتي
Beimj
السلطة الفلسطينية

مدير
مكتب
السلطة الفلسطينية

